1.	During chest assessment, you note the patient's voice quality while auscultating the lung fields. The voice sound is intensified, there is a nasal quality to the voice, and the e's sound like a s. This sound is indicative of: • Lung consolidation
2.	As Mr. B. enters the room, you observe that his gait is wide based, and he staggers from side to side while swaying his trunk. You would document Mr. B.'s pattern as:
	Cerebellar ataxia
3.	Diabetic peripheral neuropathy will likely produce: • Diminished pain sensation
4.	Montgomery tubercles are most prominent in the breasts of: • Pregnant women
5.	Which one of the following techniques is used to detect a torn meniscus?
	McMurray test
6.	Ulnar deviation and boutonniere deformities are characteristic of: Rheumatoid arthritis
7.	A pulsation that is diminished to the point of being barely palpable would be graded as:
	• 1
8.	When palpating joints, crepitus may occur when:
	Irregular bony surfaces rub together
9.	While collecting personal and social history data from a woman complaining of breast discomfort, you should question her regarding:
	Alcohol, tobacco, and caffeine use
10.	Postural hypotension is defined as awhen the patient stands, compared with sitting or supine readings.
	Systolic pressure drop of more than 15mm Hg with a pulse rate increase
11.	A positive straight leg raise test usually indicates: