

NRS-445 Topic 1: Literature Evaluation Table

Background of Nursing Practice Problem (one paragraph; no more than 250 words):

PICO(T) Question: *Use the PICOT question developed in Topic 1 Discussion Question (DQ) 2 and refine it*

PICO(T) Question Template		
P	Population	Adult patients with limited mobility in hospitals
I	Intervention	Hourly rounding by nurses and nursing staff
C	Comparison	Conventional rounding (non-hourly) : Instead of checking on non-hourly rounding allows for a more individualized approach to patient needs and acuity levels.
O	Outcome	Patient fall rates
T	Timeline (optional)	During the patient's hospital stay
Intervention		
In adult hospitalized patients (P), how does hourly rounding by nurses and nursing staff (I) compared to non-hourly rounding affect such as satisfaction, safety, and quality of care (O) within the hospital setting (T) During the patient's hospital stay.		
Problem Statement		
It is not known if the implementation of hourly rounding by nurses and nursing staff (Intervention) would improve patient fall rates (Outcomes) among adult patients with limited mobility in hospitals (Population).		

Criteria	Article 1	Article 2	Article 3
<p>APA Reference</p> <p>Include the GCU permalink or working link used to access the article</p>	<p>Liu, Y., Bian, Q., & Liu, Y. (2020). The attitudes and perceptions of healthcare professionals towards hourly rounding. <i>International Journal of Nursing Sciences</i>, 7(4), 482-486. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijnss.2020.07.004</p>	<p>Oliver, D., Healey, F., & Haines, T. P. (2020). Preventing falls and fall-related injuries in hospitals. <i>Clinical Services Journal</i>, 3(2), 82-87</p>	<p>Dykes, P. C., Rozen, G., Hebden, T., & Jia, H. (2018). Nurse-enhanced rounding decrease falls and fall injuries. <i>The Joint Commission Journal on Quality and Patient Safety</i>, 44(7), 427-436. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jci.2018.02.007</p>
<p>Purpose/Aim of Study</p>	<p>To explore the attitudes and perceptions of healthcare professionals towards hourly rounding. The study aimed to gain insights into how healthcare professionals view and perceive the implementation of hourly rounding in healthcare settings. By understanding their perspectives, the study sought to provide valuable information on the acceptance and challenges of hourly rounding as a patient care intervention.</p>	<p>To evaluate interventions aimed at preventing falls and fall-related injuries in hospitals. The study likely assessed the effectiveness of strategies such as hourly rounding in reducing the incidence of patient falls and mitigating the associated risk of injuries resulting from falls within hospital settings.</p>	<p>To investigate the impact of nurse-enhanced rounding on reducing falls and fall-related injuries in a hospital setting. The study specifically focused on how hourly rounding conducted by nurses could contribute to a decrease in patient falls and fall injuries. The researchers aimed to assess the effectiveness of this specific intervention in improving patient safety and reducing adverse events related to falls.</p>
<p>Research question(s)</p>	<p>How do the attitudes and perceptions of healthcare professionals towards hourly</p>	<p>Does the implementation of hourly rounding significantly reduce the incidence of patient</p>	<p>How does nurse-enhanced rounding impact the frequency and severity of</p>