QUESTION 1	Ql	JES	TIC	N	1
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1.	Wha	at information can be obtained by watching a patient walk into your office?
	С	Balance: Do they veer off to one side or the other as might occur with cerebellar dysfunction?
	С	Rate of walking: Do they start off slow and then accelerate, perhaps losing control of their balance or speed (e.g., as might occur with Parkinson's disease)?
	С	Attitude of Arms and Legs: How do they hold their arms and legs? Is there loss of movement and evidence of contractures (e.g., as might occur after a stroke)?
		All of the above can be observed by watching the patient walk into the office.
1 point	ts	
QUEST	ION	2
1.		en reviewing a chest x-ray for a suspected pleural effusion, the area of lung affected appear:
	C	Black
	<b>⊚</b>  \	<mark>Vhite</mark>
	C	Gray
	C	None of the above
1 point	ts	
QUEST	ION	3
1.	The	appropriate way to examine the female breast is:
	С	Vertical strip method: breaking the breast into a series of vertical strips, each of which is evaluated sequentially, moving lateral to medial.
	С	Pie or Radial Spoke Pattern: Imagine that the breast is broken into a series of pie-type slices, with the nipple at the center.
	C	Circular Pattern: Start at the nipple. Work along in circular fashion, moving in a spiral towards the periphery.
	©]	All of the above methods are appropriate.

## 1 points

## QUESTION 4