Code of Ethics Assignment LAS 432 WK 6 Course Project Professor Richardson

Objective: Find a code of ethics for a specific organization or company. Note that some organizations, use the term code of ethics, and others, such as Google, use the term code of conduct.

Ethics by design: a code of ethics for the digital age

The code I will be discussing is EPIC Care software EHR: Ethics Definition

Ethics is a set of moral norms that govern what is good for people and society, as well as what behavior is acceptable and unacceptable; how we treat others and how we want others to treat us (Ghillyer, 2012)

Kantian Ethics—Kant was not a fan of utilitarianism. He said that the philosophy misunderstood the underlying nature of morality by stressing delight. In his perspective, the foundation for our sense of what is good or evil, right, or wrong is our notion of human beings as autonomous, rational individuals who deserve respect.

Although digital technology promotes knowledge transfer, it has also given the government the capacity to monitor individuals and the internet's giants (Google, Apple, Facebook, and Amazon) the ability to influence app developers, limiting consumers' and citizens' voices (De 016). There is a possible economic, cultural, social, and environmental impact if an individual's internet searches are collected, evaluated, repossessed, and used (De Broglie, 2016). More dialogue, ethics, and accountable responsibilities are needed, as well as ethical education for persons in the field.

EPIC Share operates under The Charter Of rights And Freedoms that concerns the equal access to education, free speech, privacy, universal access to information, and cultural involvement. For the just information revolution, these are essential ideals. Information ethics deals with topics such as information cataloging, disclosure, production, and destruction, as well as how to deal with ethical challenges in this area, which might include a variety of technological, business, and archive issues. Its document addresses educational access, freedom of expression, confidentiality, equitable access to data, and cultural participation.

The foundations of ethical reasoning are founded on what an individual or a group of individuals perceives as "right" and "bad" behavior. As a result, when individuals or legal entities interact, ethical norms are essential. As values play a critical part in the decision-making process and the actions finally performed, business ethics may create problems about how to harmonize personal ideals with organizational norms.

It is frequently suggested that practices that honor the broader public benefit are ethically just. Kantian Ethics—Utilitarianism was not Kant's cup of tea. He argued that by emphasizing enjoyment, the philosophy misrepresented the fundamental essence of morality. Our understanding that human beings are autonomous, rational agents who deserve respect is the

Foundation for our perception of what is good or evil right or wrong