

Week 2 application test

(1 pt) Section I of the ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting provides guidelines only for outpatient services.

False, a coder will reference Section I guidelines for outpatient and inpatient services.

Correct

False, a coder will reference Section I guidelines only when the situation is from an emergency.

True, a coder will reference Section I guidelines for only outpatient services.

False, a coder will reference Section I guidelines for only inpatient services.

(2 pts) This punctuation, a at the end of a code in the ICD-10-CM Alphabetic Index to Diseases and Injuries entry, indicates that additional characters are required for a valid code.

Correct answer 1 - dash

Correct

1 pt) A sequela is the acute illness or injury that has caused a permanent condition.

False, a sequela is the residual effect after the acute phase of an illness or injury.

Correct

False, a sequela has a time limit for residual effect after the acute phase.

True, a sequela is the acute illness or injury causing a permanent condition.

(2 pts) Tuberculous cerebral arteritis is reported with ICD-10-CM code

Correct answer 1 - A18.89

Correct

(1 pt) If the same condition is described as both acute (subacute) and chronic, and separate subentries exist in the Alphabetic Index at the same indentation level, code_____.

both, and sequence the acute (subacute) first.

Correct

either; query the

provider. only the acute.

only the chronic.